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Messina, October 30. N. S.

ON the 20th Instant arrived here the *Trumbull* Galley, Capt. Henry Duffield; and the *Cloudesty* Galley, Capt. George Matthews Commander, in 42 days from England, and 26 from Cadiz; They took a French Vessel laden with Corn, bound from Barbary to Marseilles, and have brought her into this Port. The *King William* Galley, Capt. Winter, arrived here the last week, in 27 days from Scanderoon, where was arrived the *Union* Galley, Capt. Newell, from Constantinople; The *Gospright*, Capt. Applby, had taken a French Tartane worth about 10000 Dollars, and having left the Prize at Cyprus, was gone for Tripoli di Soria. The Popes Gallies are come into this Port from the Levant, except one, which was cast away off Cape Colonna in a violent Storm; The Malta Gallies are likewise arrived here; One of their number, being separated from the rest is, put into the Port of Augusta.

Genova, Nov. 18. The 14th arrived here 7 Spanish Gallies, Commanded by the Duke of Doria Tursi, from Barcelona, and with this opportunity is come hither the Bishop of Salsma, who is going Ambassador from the King of Spain to the Emperor.

Leghorn, Nov. 19. Capt. Fuller, Commander of the *Panther*, brought hither two days ago from Port Longone his two Prizes, one the *St. Dominique*, Capt. Joseph Dicard, and the other the *Santa Theresa*, Monsieur Francois Roudent Commander, both bound from Alexandria to Marseilles, which together are esteemed to be worth 40000 l. Sterl. A Venetian Ship is come in here, who met the *King William* Galley the first Instant off Stromboli, on her Voyage homeward. Several light French Frigats are cruising off this Port.

Milan, Nov. 21. Prince Eugene of Savoy is returned hither from Turin; and Count Mansfeldt, the Emperor's Minister, is daily expected. The German Troops have not yet all left this Country, though they march as fast as they can conveniently. Our Governor has ordered a Review to be taken of all Troops in the Service of this State; and the Discourse continues, that part of them will be sent to reinforce the Spanish Army in Catalonia against the next Campaign.

Turin, Nov. 23. The Marechal de Catinat is returned to France, and the French Hostages that were to remain here till the Treaty for withdrawing the Troops out of Italy was executed, are likewise gone home. The Duke of Savoy has given leave to the Inhabitants of Pignerol, to make Application at the French Court, that their Town may be secured by a slight Wall. The new Works which the French cast up at Casal this last Summer are demolished, and the Ingenier that was sent from hence to see it done, is come back. The Duke of Savoy has begun to disband some of his Troops.

Venice, Nov. 23. The Senate have sent an Inquisitor to the Levant, who is to Enquire into the Proceedings of the Fleet this Summer, and to what

end has power to examine all Persons, without excepting the Officers who have the chiefest Command. Monsignor Cusani, Nuncio from the Pope, made his publick Entry here on Monday last, and had Audience in the Colledge the day following. 'Tis said the English Turkey Fleet is arrived at Messina. Several Men of War and Gallies are building here, which are designed for the Service of the next Summer; and Commissions are given out to make Recruits and new Levies, as well in Italy as Germany, to augment their Forces in the Levant. The Popes Gallies, who made the last Campaign with the Venetian Fleet in the Levant, arrived the 16th Instant at Civita Vecchia, 4 in number, the 5th being lost. The last Letters from Dalmatia give an account, that the Troops in those parts are all gone into their Winter Quarters.

Vienna, Nov. 24. The Elector of Saxony is gone home, but intends to return hither early in the Spring; He is to command the Imperial Army in Hungary again the next Summer, and will send a farther Reinforcement to his own Troops in that Service. The Forces posted near the Enemies Frontiers make frequent Excursions, and have of late been very successful. The Count de Staremberg who commands at Esseeke, and all the Garisons thereabouts, is to remain there during the Winter; as General Rabutin is in Transylvania, to give the necessary Orders as there may be occasion. The Grand Signior was, by our last Advices from Turkey, still at Adrianople, but intended to go thence in few days for Constantinople. 'Tis said, that the Tartars have sent to the Moscovites to make Proposals of Peace, but that the Czar will not hearken to them, being resolved to bring into the Field a very numerous Army to continue the War the next year.

Frankfort, Dec. 1. There are arisen some new Difficulties in the Matter of the Differences between the Palatin and Hessian Troops, by reason the Circle of Franconia has taken several of the Palatin Regiments into their Service, and make a difficulty to pay the Money to be allowed the Troops of Hesse in lieu of their Winter Quarters; but the Emperor's Minister endeavours to accommodate the Business, which 'tis not doubted but will be soon effected.

Hamburg, Dec. 1. The Danish Ministers here have received an Answer from their Court concerning the Quarters for the 3 Holstein Regiments that are returned from the Rhine; which allows only 600 Men, as being the Quota the Duke furnishes for the Empire, to take their Quarters in the Dutchy of Holstein. Letters from Warsaw of the 20th past say, the Confederated Troops in Lithuania have had another Advantage over those of the Prince Sapieha; That divers of the Gentry have joined them; and that they have made themselves Masters of all the Country of Samogitia; These Troops are said to favour Prince James, Eldest Son of the last King; The Abbot Polignac, the French Ambassador, at the same time omits nothing that may promote the Interest of the Prince of Conti; But there is a talk, that there will